FISCAL NOTE

Bill #: HB0510 Title: Tax relief for school expenses

Primary

Sponsor: Peggy Bergsagel Status: As introduced

Sponsor signature			Date	Dave	e Lewi	s, Budget Director	Date
Fisca	al Sui	mmary					
•		FY2000		FY2001			
Expenditures:			<u>Difference</u>		<u>Difference</u>		
General Fund			\$45,221			\$29,410	
Reve	nue:						
General Fund			(\$2,343,81	(\$2,343,819)			
Net Impact on General Fund Balance:			(\$2,389,04	(\$2,373,229)			
Yes	<u>No</u>			Yes	No		
	X	Significant Local Gov. Impact		X		Technical Concerns	
	X	Included in the Executive Bud	lget		X	Significant Long- Term Impacts	

Fiscal Analysis

ASSUMPTIONS:

- 1. This act is effective upon passage and approval and applies retroactively to tax years beginning after December 31, 1998.
- 2. For FY2000 and FY2001, it is estimated that there will be 171,861 K-12 students within Montana: 159,792 public; 8,672 private; and 3,397 home school.
- 3. It is estimated that for students attending public school there will be 11,626 seniors; 12,255 juniors; 12,827 sophomores; 13,642 freshman; and 109,442 K-8.
- 4. Apart from computer related deductions, public school students are expected to have average deductions on their behalf as follows: freshman, juniors, and seniors have average deductions of \$200; sophomores

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have average deductions of \$400 (higher due to driver's education); K-8 students have average deductions of \$50.

- 5. The full \$600 deduction is expected for all private and home-schooled students.
- 6. It is estimated that 20,336 households will take the full \$400 of available deduction for the purchase of computer hardware or educational software.
- 7. Deductions for public school students total \$26,241,735 and deductions for private and home schooled students total \$7,241,400.
- 8. The average marginal tax rate for all persons taking deductions is 7%.

Administrative Expenses

- 9. Administrative expenses are estimated to be \$12,000 in FY2000 and \$2,000 in FY2001 for computer programming and operating expenses.
- 10. The Department of Revenue will be required to enter the data on the system, process withholding, audit, and develop reporting forms.
- 11. Based on current experience, 35% of the returns will require some type of additional processing (refunds, error corrections).
- 12. One auditor can process 35 returns per hour, which is higher than normal because some of the auditing required will be associated with normal audit activity.
- 13. Approximately 114,121 households would qualify for the deduction.

FISCAL IMPACT:

FY2000 Difference 1.00	FY2001 <u>Difference</u> 1.00							
\$24,904	\$24,738							
6,317	2,672							
12,000	2,000							
<u>2,000</u>	<u>0</u>							
\$45,221	\$29,410							
\$45,221	\$29,410							
(\$2,343,819)	(\$2,343,819)							
Net Impact to Fund Balance (Revenue minus Expenditure):								
_	(\$2,373,229)							
	Difference 1.00 \$24,904 6,317 12,000 2,000 \$45,221 \$45,221							

TECHNICAL NOTES:

1. Under current Montana law, both parent and working child can claim him or her self as a dependent. In this situation the bill should point out that only the parent or child can claim the deduction and not both.